# Roll Developer's Guide





### Roll Developer's Guide:

6.0 Edition
Published May 08 2012
Copyright © 2012 University of California

This document is subject to the Rocks® License (see Rocks Copyright).

## **Table of Contents**

1. Overview	
2. Roll Internals	
2.1. Roll Development Environment     2.2. Packages	2
2.3. Configuring Software with XML Files	4
3. Building Your Roll	29
4. Testing Your Roll	
4.1. Post Installation Script Debugging	
4.2. Installation Log Files	33
A. XML File Syntax	35
A.1. Node XML Tags	
A.2. Graph XML Tags	39
B. Rocks® Copyright and Trademark	
B.1. Copyright Statement	
B.2. Trademark Licensing	

# **List of Figures**

_		
n	Rocks® logo	11

# **Chapter 1. Overview**

The Roll Developer's Guide is for people who wish to build their own rolls. In this document, we'll describe the internals of rolls, how to create a roll and how to test a roll.

### Chapter 2. Roll Internals

This section describes in detail the two major components of a roll: packages and configuration files.

### 2.1. Roll Development Environment

In this section, we'll build an example roll (the Valgrind Roll) from the ground up.

First, we need to create a development environment that can be used to build the Valgrind Roll. On a Rocks frontend, execute:

```
# mkdir -p /export/src/roll
# cd /export/src/roll
# rocks create new roll name=valgrind
```

There are several more options you can supply to "rocks create new roll" (execute "rocks create new roll help" to see all the options).

The command "rocks create new roll name=valgrind" creates the following file system:

Now we are ready to add packages to the Valgrind Roll.

### 2.2. Packages

A Rocks roll requires that all packages contained in the roll must be in the native format of the OS. For Redhat-based Rocks clusters, this means all packages must be RPMS.

### 2.2.1. The Software is Already in an RPM

If the software you wish to install is already in RPM format, you can directly put it into the roll source tree. For example, to put the RPM unzip-5.52-3.el5.x86\_64.rpm into the Valgrind Roll, execute:

```
# mkdir -p /export/src/roll/valgrind/RPMS/x86_64
# cp /tmp/unzip-5.52-3.el5.x86_64.rpm /export/src/roll/valgrind/RPMS/x86_64
```

### 2.2.2. Bundle an Existing Subdirectory into an RPM

If your application is already installed on your frontend and you would like to bundle its subdirectory into and RPM, you can create an RPM that contains all the files in a subdirectory. For example, let's say you want to create an RPM from all the files under /opt/stream. You can execute:

```
# rocks create package /opt/stream stream
```

This will create a package named stream-1.0-1.x86\_64.rpm in the current working directory. To see the contents of the package, execute:

```
# rpm -qlp stream-1.0-1.x86_64.rpm
/opt
/opt/stream
/opt/stream/bin
/opt/stream/bin/stream
/opt/stream/bin/stream_f
/opt/stream/docs
/opt/stream/docs/HISTORY.txt
/opt/stream/docs/LICENSE.txt
/opt/stream/docs/Makefile
/opt/stream/docs/READ.ME
/opt/stream/docs/ROCKS.txt
/opt/stream/docs/linux.mk
/opt/stream/docs/mysecond.c
/opt/stream/docs/stream.c
/opt/stream/docs/stream.f
/opt/stream/docs/sunos.mk
/opt/stream/docs/version.mk
```

There are several more options you can supply to "rocks create package" (execute "rocks create package help" to see all the options).

Now place the RPM into the correct directory within the roll:

```
# mkdir -p /export/src/roll/valgrind/RPMS/x86_64
# cp stream-1.0-1.x86_64.rpm /export/src/roll/valgrind/RPMS/x86_64
```

#### 2.2.3. Create an RPM from a Source Code Tarball

The most common way we create RPMS is from source tarballs (the classic: untar, configure, make, make install).

First, we'll download the source tarball into the correct directory:

```
# cd /export/src/roll/valgrind/src/valgrind
# wget http://valgrind.org/downloads/valgrind-3.6.0.tar.bz2
```

Edit version.mk and change TARBALL\_POSTFIX = tgz to TARBALL\_POSTFIX = tar.bz2, change PKGROOT = /opt/valgrind to PKGROOT = /opt, and change VERSION = 1.0 to VERSION = 3.6.0. Your version.mk should look like:

```
PKGROOT = /opt
NAME = valgrind
VERSION = 3.6.0
```

```
RELEASE = 1
TARBALL POSTFIX = tar.bz2
```

Edit Makefile and change the line: gunzip -c to bzcat (since the tarball is a bz2).

Now build the RPM:

```
# make rpm
```

It will take several minutes to build the package. When it completes, you'll see the line:

```
Wrote: /export/src/roll/valgrind/RPMS/x86_64/valgrind-3.6.0-1.x86_64.rpm
```

You can inspect the contents of the valgrind RPM:

```
# rpm -qlp /export/src/roll/valgrind/RPMS/x86_64/valgrind-3.6.0-1.x86_64.rpm
/opt
/opt/valgrind
/opt/valgrind/bin
/opt/valgrind/bin/callgrind_annotate
/opt/valgrind/bin/callgrind_control
/opt/valgrind/bin/cg_annotate
/opt/valgrind/bin/cg_diff
/opt/valgrind/bin/cg_merge
/opt/valgrind/bin/ms_print
/opt/valgrind/bin/no_op_client_for_valgrind
/opt/valgrind/bin/valgrind
/opt/valgrind/bin/valgrind-listener
/opt/valgrind/include
/opt/valgrind/include/valgrind
/opt/valgrind/include/valgrind/callgrind.h
```

Note that the valgrind-3.6.0-1.x86\_64.rpm RPM was automatically placed into the correct directory (/export/src/roll/valgrind/RPMS/x86\_64).

### 2.3. Configuring Software with XML Files

Rocks generates kickstart files for compute nodes dynamically using a structure called the "kickstart graph". This graph is made from graph XML files and node XML files. In general, a node XML file contains a list of packages that should be installed on a host and commands to configure those packages. Graph XML files contain a description of "edges" that tie the node XML files together.

When a host asks for its configuration file from the frontend, a process on the frontend traverses the node XML files based on the definitions within the graph XML files. In addition, the graph XML files can enforce a relative order between the node XML files.

#### 2.3.1. Node XML Files

All software configuration commands are contained within node XML files. Let's look at a real node XML (grub.xml from the Base Roll):

We see that the above node XML file will install the "grub" package (<package>grub</package>), and in the "post" configuration step during a kickstart installation, it will modify the configuration file (/boot/grub/grub.conf).

During a kickstart installation, all the packages from all the node XML files are installed first, then all the "post" sections are executed. That is, when you write a post section, you are guaranteed that all the software packages have been installed.

For a complete definition of the node XML file syntax, see Node XML Tags.

For our Valgrind example, we will modify the node XML file that was already created for us:

```
# cd /export/src/roll/valgrind/nodes
# mv valgrind.xml valgrind-base.xml
```

A node XML file naming convention in Rocks is to begin the name all the node XML files with the name of the roll they are associated with. For example, all node XML files in the SGE roll begin with "sge-".

Another naming convention is to add the name "client", "server" or "base" to the name of the node XML file based on which appliance type the node XML file will be applied to. For example, if the node XML file is intended to configure only backend appliances (e.g., compute nodes or tile nodes), then we'd name our node XML file "valgrind-client.xml". If the node XML file is intended to configure only frontend appliances, then we'd name our node XML file "valgrind-server.xml". And if the node XML file is for all appliance types, we'd name it "valgrind-base.xml".

#### When you edit "valgrind-base.xml", you'll see:

version 6.0 (Mamba)

Copyright (c) 2000 - 2012 The Regents of the University of California. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice unmodified and in its entirety, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- 3. All advertising and press materials, printed or electronic, mentioning features or use of this software must display the following acknowledgement:
- "This product includes software developed by the Rocks(r) Cluster Group at the San Diego Supercomputer Center at the University of California, San Diego and its contributors."
- 4. Except as permitted for the purposes of acknowledgment in paragraph 3, neither the name or logo of this software nor the names of its authors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission. The name of the software includes the following terms, and any derivatives thereof: "Rocks", "Rocks Clusters", and "Avalanche Installer". For licensing of the associated name, interested parties should contact Technology Transfer & Intellectual Property Services, University of California, San Diego, 9500 Gilman Drive, Mail Code 0910, La Jolla, CA 92093-0910, Ph: (858) 534-5815, FAX: (858) 534-7345, E-MAIL:invent@ucsd.edu

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE REGENTS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE REGENTS OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR

CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

```
</copyright>
<changelog>
$Log: internals.sqml,v $
Revision 1.9 2012/05/06 05:48:40 phil
Copyright Storm for Mamba
Revision 1.8 2011/07/23 02:30:44 phil
Viper Copyright
Revision 1.7 2011/02/08 21:59:41 bruno
edits
Revision 1.6 2011/02/07 23:30:26 bruno
first pass at build section
Revision 1.5 2011/02/07 20:48:46 bruno
the first draft of 'roll internals' is done.
Revision 1.4 2011/02/05 01:04:49 bruno
checkpoint
</changelog>
<package>valgrind</package>
<package>roll-valgrind-usersquide</package>
```

</kickstart>

Notice above that the "valgrind" and "roll-valgrind-usersguide" RPMs are specified in <package> tags which means those RPMs will be installed by the Red Hat installer.

Now let's add a <post> section to it:

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice unmodified and in its entirety, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- 3. All advertising and press materials, printed or electronic, mentioning features or use of this software must display the following acknowledgement:
- "This product includes software developed by the Rocks(r) Cluster Group at the San Diego Supercomputer Center at the University of California, San Diego and its contributors."
- 4. Except as permitted for the purposes of acknowledgment in paragraph 3, neither the name or logo of this software nor the names of its authors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission. The name of the software includes the following terms, and any derivatives thereof: "Rocks", "Rocks Clusters", and "Avalanche Installer". For licensing of the associated name, interested parties should contact Technology Transfer & Intellectual Property Services, University of California, San Diego, 9500 Gilman Drive, Mail Code 0910, La Jolla, CA 92093-0910, Ph: (858) 534-5815, FAX: (858) 534-7345, E-MAIL:invent@ucsd.edu

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE REGENTS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE REGENTS OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

#### </copyright>

<changelog>
\$Log: internals.sgml,v \$
Revision 1.9 2012/05/06 05:48:40 phil
Copyright Storm for Mamba

Revision 1.8 2011/07/23 02:30:44 phil Viper Copyright

Revision 1.7 2011/02/08 21:59:41 bruno edits

Revision 1.6 2011/02/07 23:30:26 bruno

```
first pass at build section

Revision 1.5 2011/02/07 20:48:46 bruno the first draft of 'roll internals' is done.

Revision 1.4 2011/02/05 01:04:49 bruno checkpoint

</changelog>

<package>valgrind</package>
<package>roll-valgrind-usersguide</package>
<post>

<file name="/etc/motd" mode="append">

This node has "valgrind" configured for it.

</file>
</post>

</kickstart>
```

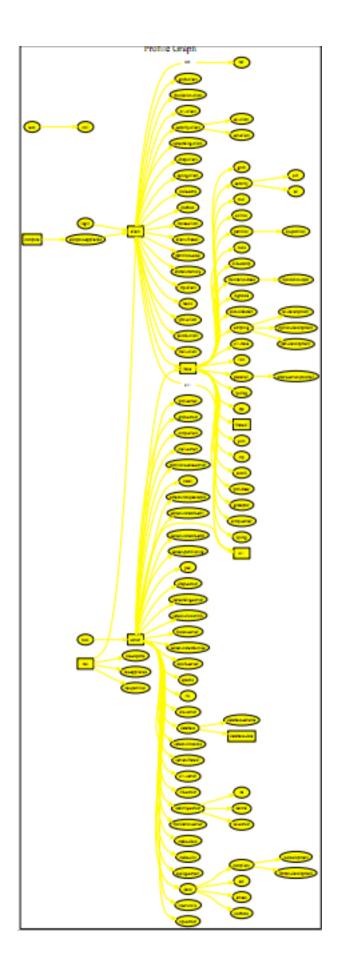
This post section will append a small note to an installing host's /etc/motd.

Now that we have our first node XML file, we need to "splice" it into the Rocks kickstart graph -- which is the subject of the next section.

### 2.3.2. Graph XML Files

Every roll has node XML files and a graph XML file. Node XML files describe what packages should be installed and how those packages should be configured. A graph XML file describes how all the node XML files are "connected", that is, a graph XML file describes the "edges" between nodes.

Below is a picture of how the Base Roll's nodes are connected together via its graph XML file:



Let's "splice" our "valgrind-base.xml" node XML file into the Rocks kickstart graph. We'll look at the default graph file that was automatically created for us:

# cd /export/src/roll/valgrind/graphs/default

```
Now edit the file "valgrind.xml":
```

Copyright (c) 2000 - 2012 The Regents of the University of California. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice unmodified and in its entirety, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- 3. All advertising and press materials, printed or electronic, mentioning features or use of this software must display the following acknowledgement:
- "This product includes software developed by the Rocks(r) Cluster Group at the San Diego Supercomputer Center at the University of California, San Diego and its contributors."
- 4. Except as permitted for the purposes of acknowledgment in paragraph 3, neither the name or logo of this software nor the names of its authors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission. The name of the software includes the following terms, and any derivatives thereof: "Rocks", "Rocks Clusters", and "Avalanche Installer". For licensing of the associated name, interested parties should contact Technology Transfer & Intellectual Property Services, University of California, San Diego, 9500 Gilman Drive, Mail Code 0910, La Jolla, CA 92093-0910, Ph: (858) 534-5815, FAX: (858) 534-7345, E-MAIL:invent@ucsd.edu

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE REGENTS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE REGENTS OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

```
</copyright>
        <changelog>
        $Log: internals.sgml,v $
       Revision 1.9 2012/05/06 05:48:40 phil
       Copyright Storm for Mamba
       Revision 1.8 2011/07/23 02:30:44 phil
       Viper Copyright
       Revision 1.7 2011/02/08 21:59:41 bruno
        edits
       Revision 1.6 2011/02/07 23:30:26 bruno
        first pass at build section
       Revision 1.5 2011/02/07 20:48:46 bruno
       the first draft of 'roll internals' is done.
       Revision 1.4 2011/02/05 01:04:49 bruno
       checkpoint
        </changelog>
        <!-- add edges here -->
</graph>
```

We will add an "edge". Since we want our "valgrind-base.xml" node XML file to be installed on all nodes, we'll make an edge from the "base" node XML file to "valgrind-base":

version 5.5 (Mamba) version 6.0 (Mamba)

Copyright (c) 2000 - 2012 The Regents of the University of California. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice unmodified and in its entirety, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- 3. All advertising and press materials, printed or electronic, mentioning features or use of this software must display the following acknowledgement:
- "This product includes software developed by the Rocks(r) Cluster Group at the San Diego Supercomputer Center at the University of California, San Diego and its contributors."
- 4. Except as permitted for the purposes of acknowledgment in paragraph 3, neither the name or logo of this software nor the names of its authors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission. The name of the software includes the following terms, and any derivatives thereof: "Rocks", "Rocks Clusters", and "Avalanche Installer". For licensing of the associated name, interested parties should contact Technology Transfer & Intellectual Property Services, University of California, San Diego, 9500 Gilman Drive, Mail Code 0910, La Jolla, CA 92093-0910, Ph: (858) 534-5815, FAX: (858) 534-7345, E-MAIL:invent@ucsd.edu

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE REGENTS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE REGENTS OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

</copyright>

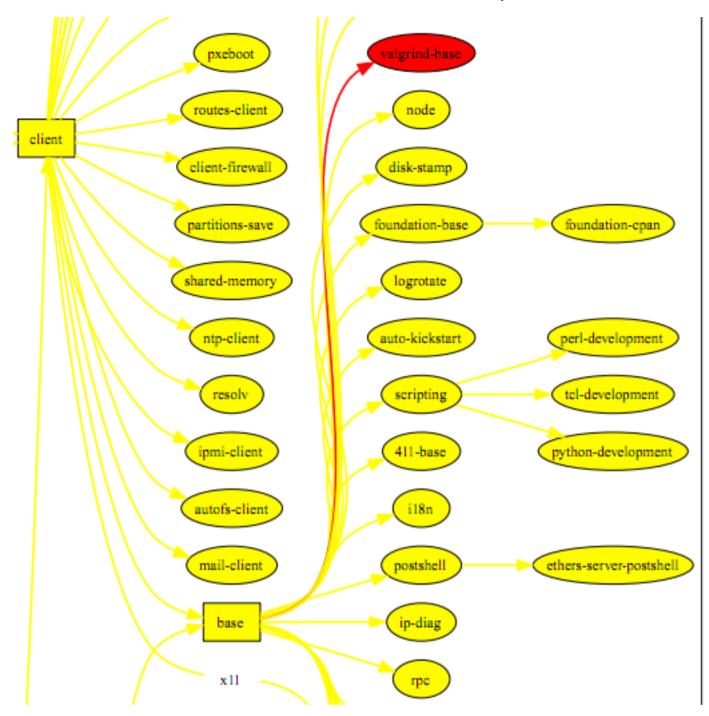
<changelog>
\$Log: internals.sgml,v \$
Revision 1.9 2012/05/06 05:48:40 phil
Copyright Storm for Mamba

Revision 1.8 2011/07/23 02:30:44 phil Viper Copyright

Note that we don't add the ".xml" file extension in edge descriptions.

Our node XML file has now been spliced into the Rocks kickstart graph. Note: the node XML file "base" is from the Base Roll.

In the picture below, we see how "valgrind-base.xml" has been spliced into the Rocks kickstart graph:



#### 2.3.2.1. Controlling the Order of Post Section Execution

There are instances when we need to ensure that a post section in one node XML file executes before (or after) a post section in another node XML file. We can accomplish this by specifying an <order> tag in a graph XML file. To show how this is done, we'll create two new node XML files and then we'll edit the graph XML file.

We will create two new node XML files where one file should be applied to a frontend (named "valgrind-server.xml") and the other should be applied to the backend appliances (named "valgrind-client.xml). We'll add <package> and <post> tags to both.

Here's the contents of "valgrind-client.xml":

<?xml version="1.0" standalone="no"?>

<kickstart>

<description>

Valgrind client node XML file. This file should be applied to backend appliances (e.g., compute nodes and tile nodes). </description>

<copyright>

Rocks(r)

www.rocksclusters.org version 5.5 (Mamba) version 6.0 (Mamba)

Copyright (c) 2000 - 2012 The Regents of the University of California. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice unmodified and in its entirety, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- 3. All advertising and press materials, printed or electronic, mentioning features or use of this software must display the following acknowledgement:

"This product includes software developed by the Rocks(r) Cluster Group at the San Diego Supercomputer Center at the University of California, San Diego and its contributors."

4. Except as permitted for the purposes of acknowledgment in paragraph 3, neither the name or logo of this software nor the names of its authors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission. The name of the software includes the following terms, and any derivatives thereof: "Rocks", "Rocks Clusters", and "Avalanche Installer". For licensing of the associated name, interested parties should contact Technology Transfer & Intellectual Property Services, University of California, San Diego, 9500 Gilman Drive, Mail Code 0910, La Jolla, CA 92093-0910, Ph: (858) 534-5815, FAX: (858) 534-7345, E-MAIL:invent@ucsd.edu

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE REGENTS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE REGENTS OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY,

WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

```
</copyright>
 <changelog>
 $Log: internals.sgml,v $
 Revision 1.9 2012/05/06 05:48:40 phil
Copyright Storm for Mamba
 Revision 1.8 2011/07/23 02:30:44 phil
Viper Copyright
 Revision 1.7 2011/02/08 21:59:41 bruno
 edits
Revision 1.6 2011/02/07 23:30:26 bruno
 first pass at build section
Revision 1.5 2011/02/07 20:48:46 bruno
 the first draft of 'roll internals' is done.
 </changelog>
<post>
<file name="/etc/motd" mode="append">
Valgrind on a "client".
</file>
</post>
</kickstart>
And here is the contents of "valgrind-server.xml":
<?xml version="1.0" standalone="no"?>
<kickstart>
 <description>
Valgrind server node XML file. This file should be applied to
 frontends.
 </description>
 <copyright>
     Rocks(r)
            www.rocksclusters.org
            version 5.5 (Mamba)
            version 6.0 (Mamba)
 Copyright (c) 2000 - 2012 The Regents of the University of California.
All rights reserved.
```

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice unmodified and in its entirety, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- 3. All advertising and press materials, printed or electronic, mentioning features or use of this software must display the following acknowledgement:

"This product includes software developed by the Rocks(r) Cluster Group at the San Diego Supercomputer Center at the University of California, San Diego and its contributors."

4. Except as permitted for the purposes of acknowledgment in paragraph 3, neither the name or logo of this software nor the names of its authors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission. The name of the software includes the following terms, and any derivatives thereof: "Rocks", "Rocks Clusters", and "Avalanche Installer". For licensing of the associated name, interested parties should contact Technology Transfer & Intellectual Property Services, University of California, San Diego, 9500 Gilman Drive, Mail Code 0910, La Jolla, CA 92093-0910, Ph: (858) 534-5815, FAX: (858) 534-7345, E-MAIL:invent@ucsd.edu

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE REGENTS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE REGENTS OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

#### </copyright>

<changelog>
\$Log: internals.sgml,v \$
Revision 1.9 2012/05/06 05:48:40 phil
Copyright Storm for Mamba

Revision 1.8 2011/07/23 02:30:44 phil Viper Copyright

Revision 1.7 2011/02/08 21:59:41 bruno edits

Revision 1.6 2011/02/07 23:30:26 bruno

```
first pass at build section
 Revision 1.5 2011/02/07 20:48:46 bruno
 the first draft of 'roll internals' is done.
 </changelog>
 <package>roll-valgrind-usersguide</package>
<post>
<file name="/etc/motd" mode="append">
Valgrind on a "server".
</file>
</post>
</kickstart>
Then, to splice them in to the Rocks kickstart graph, we'll modify our graph XML file "valgrind.xml" to look
like:
<?xml version="1.0" standalone="no"?>
<qraph>
        <description>
        The valgrind Roll
        </description>
        <copyright>
            Rocks(r)
                   www.rocksclusters.org
                   version 5.5 (Mamba)
                   version 6.0 (Mamba)
        Copyright (c) 2000 - 2012 The Regents of the University of California.
        All rights reserved.
        Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without
        modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are
        met:
        1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright
        notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
        2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright
        notice unmodified and in its entirety, this list of conditions and the
        following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided
        with the distribution.
```

3. All advertising and press materials, printed or electronic, mentioning

features or use of this software must display the following acknowledgement:

"This product includes software developed by the Rocks(r) Cluster Group at the San Diego Supercomputer Center at the University of California, San Diego and its contributors."

4. Except as permitted for the purposes of acknowledgment in paragraph 3, neither the name or logo of this software nor the names of its authors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission. The name of the software includes the following terms, and any derivatives thereof: "Rocks", "Rocks Clusters", and "Avalanche Installer". For licensing of the associated name, interested parties should contact Technology Transfer & Intellectual Property Services, University of California, San Diego, 9500 Gilman Drive, Mail Code 0910, La Jolla, CA 92093-0910, Ph: (858) 534-5815, FAX: (858) 534-7345, E-MAIL:invent@ucsd.edu

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE REGENTS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE REGENTS OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

</copyright>

<changelog>
\$Log: internals.sgml,v \$
Revision 1.9 2012/05/06 05:48:40 phil
Copyright Storm for Mamba

Revision 1.8 2011/07/23 02:30:44 phil Viper Copyright

Revision 1.7 2011/02/08 21:59:41 bruno edits

Revision 1.6 2011/02/07 23:30:26 bruno first pass at build section

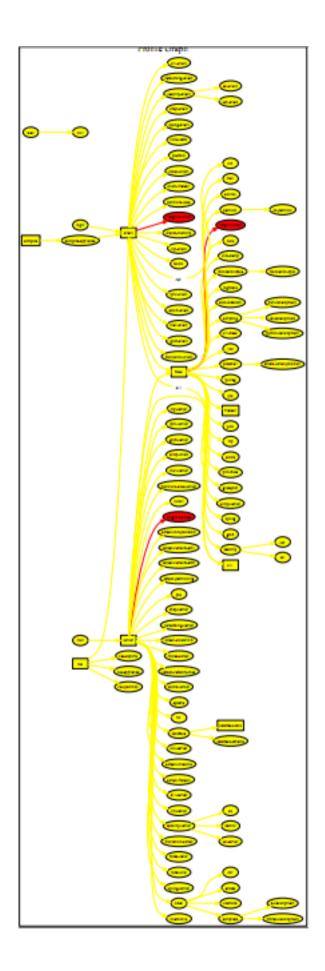
Revision 1.5 2011/02/07 20:48:46 bruno the first draft of 'roll internals' is done.

Revision 1.4 2011/02/05 01:04:49 bruno checkpoint

</changelog>

<!-- add edges here -->

With the above graph XML file, we can see (at a high level) how the Valgrind Roll is spliced in with the Base Roll. the Base Roll node XML files are yellow and the Valgrind Roll node XML files are red.



partition valgrind-client valgrind-base client shared-memory node ntp-client disk-stamp resolv foundation-base rsh logrotate ipmi-client auto-kickstart autofs-client scripting mail-client 411-base grub-client i18n foundation-client postshell base

If we zoom in, we can see how two of the Valgrind node XML files have been spliced in:

Now suppose we want the post section of "valgrind-server.xml" to execute *before* the post section of "valgrind-base.xml" and we want the post section of "valgrind-client.xml" to execute *after* "valgrind-base.xml". We can enforce this ordering by adding two <order> tags:

ip-diag

<copyright>

Rocks(r)

www.rocksclusters.org
version 5.5 (Mamba)
version 6.0 (Mamba)

Copyright (c) 2000 - 2012 The Regents of the University of California. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice unmodified and in its entirety, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- 3. All advertising and press materials, printed or electronic, mentioning features or use of this software must display the following acknowledgement:

"This product includes software developed by the Rocks(r) Cluster Group at the San Diego Supercomputer Center at the University of California, San Diego and its contributors."

4. Except as permitted for the purposes of acknowledgment in paragraph 3, neither the name or logo of this software nor the names of its authors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission. The name of the software includes the following terms, and any derivatives thereof: "Rocks", "Rocks Clusters", and "Avalanche Installer". For licensing of the associated name, interested parties should contact Technology Transfer & Intellectual Property Services, University of California, San Diego, 9500 Gilman Drive, Mail Code 0910, La Jolla, CA 92093-0910, Ph: (858) 534-5815, FAX: (858) 534-7345, E-MAIL:invent@ucsd.edu

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE REGENTS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE REGENTS OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

</copyright>

<changelog>
\$Log: internals.sqml,v \$

```
Revision 1.9 2012/05/06 05:48:40 phil
Copyright Storm for Mamba
Revision 1.8 2011/07/23 02:30:44 phil
Viper Copyright
Revision 1.7 2011/02/08 21:59:41 bruno
edits
Revision 1.6 2011/02/07 23:30:26 bruno
first pass at build section
Revision 1.5 2011/02/07 20:48:46 bruno
the first draft of 'roll internals' is done.
</changelog>
<!-- add edges here -->
<edge from="base">
 <to>valgrind-base</to>
</edge>
<edge from="server">
 <to>valgrind-server</to>
</edge>
<edge from="client">
 <to>valgrind-client</to>
</edge>
<!-- enforce post section ordering -->
<!--
 valgrind-server post sections execute before valgrind-base
 post sections
<order head="valgrind-server">
 <tail>valgrind-base</tail>
</order>
<!--
 valgrind-client post sections execute after valgrind-base
 post sections
<order head="valgrind-base">
 <tail>valgrind-client</tail>
</order>
</graph>
```

#### 2.3.3. Attributes

In Rocks, "attributes" are a way to have variables inside node and graph XML files. Attributes are evaluated during kickstart file creation (one of the first actions done when a host is installed). The following is an example of how the "hostname" attribute is used in a post section of a node XML file:

In node XML files, if you want to use an attribute in a post section, you need to encode it as an XML entity (thus the '&' and ';' characters that bracket the "hostname" attribute).

There are four levels of attributes: global, OS, appliance and host. Global attributes apply to all hosts in a cluster, OS attributes apply to hosts of a specific OS type (currently "linux" or "sunos"), appliance attributes apply to hosts that have the same appliance type (e.g., compute, tile, etc.), and host attributes apply to only one host. You can add an attribute with one of the following commands: rocks add attr (global), rocks add os attr (OS), rocks add appliance attr (appliance global), rocks add host attr (host).

To examine which attributes are currently set for a host, execute rocks list host attr "hostname". For example:

```
# rocks list host attr compute-0-0
             ATTR
                                                    VALUE
                                                                                               SOURC
compute-0-0: Condor_Client
                                                                                              Α
                                                    t.rue
compute-0-0: Condor_Daemons
                                                                                              G
                                                    MASTER, STARTD
compute-0-0: Condor_EnableMPI
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Condor_HostAllow
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Condor_Master
                                                    brunoland.rocksclusters.org
compute-0-0: Condor_Network
                                                    private
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Condor_PasswordAuth
                                                                                              G
                                                    nο
compute-0-0: Condor_PortHigh
                                                    50000
                                                                                              G
                                                    40000
compute-0-0: Condor_PortLow
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: HttpConf
                                                    /etc/httpd/conf
                                                                                              0
compute-0-0: HttpConfigDirExt
                                                    /etc/httpd/conf.d
compute-0-0: HttpRoot
                                                    /var/www/html
                                                                                              \cap
compute-0-0: Info_CertificateCountry
                                                                                              G
                                                    US
compute-0-0: Info_CertificateLocality
                                                    San Diego
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Info_CertificateOrganization
                                                    SDSC
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Info_CertificateState
                                                    California
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Info_ClusterContact
                                                    admin@place.org
compute-0-0: Info_ClusterLatlong
                                                    N32.87 W117.22
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Info_ClusterName
                                                    Brunoland
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Info_ClusterURL
                                                                                              G
                                                    http://www.place.org/
compute-0-0: Kickstart_DistroDir
                                                    /export/rocks
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Kickstart_Keyboard
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Kickstart_Lang
                                                    en_US
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Kickstart_Langsupport
                                                    en_US
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Kickstart_Multicast
                                                    231.253.121.191
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateAddress
                                                                                              G
                                                    10.1.1.1
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateBroadcast
                                                    10.1.255.255
                                                                                              G
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateDNSDomain
                                                                                              G
                                                    local
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateDNSServers
                                                    10.1.1.1
```

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

G

 $\cap$ 

G

G

Δ

Α

Α

Α

Т

Α

Α

Η

Т

Ι

G

Α

G

Α

G

G

G

```
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateGateway
                                                   10.1.1.1
compute-0-0: Kickstart PrivateHostname
                                                   brunoland
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateKickstartBasedir
                                                   install
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateKickstartCGI
                                                   sbin/kickstart.cgi
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateKickstartHost
                                                   10.1.1.1
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateNTPHost
                                                   10.1.1.1
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateNetmask
                                                   255.255.0.0
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateNetmaskCIDR
                                                   16
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateNetwork
                                                   10.1.0.0
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PrivateSyslogHost
                                                   10.1.1.1
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PublicAddress
                                                   198.202.88.152
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PublicBroadcast
                                                   198.202.88.255
                                                   rocksclusters.org
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PublicDNSDomain
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PublicDNSServers
                                                   198.202.75.26
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PublicGateway
                                                   198.202.88.20
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PublicHostname
                                                   brunoland.rocksclusters.org
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PublicKickstartHost
                                                   central.rocksclusters.org
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PublicNTPHost
                                                   pool.ntp.org
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PublicNetmask
                                                   255.255.255.0
compute-0-0: Kickstart PublicNetmaskCIDR
                                                   24
compute-0-0: Kickstart_PublicNetwork
                                                   198.202.88.0
compute-0-0: Kickstart_Timezone
                                                   America/Los_Angeles
compute-0-0: RootDir
                                                   /root
compute-0-0: Server_Partitioning
                                                   manual
compute-0-0: Xen_Dom0MinMem
                                                   768
compute-0-0: arch
                                                   x86 64
compute-0-0: bio
                                                   true
compute-0-0: dhcp_filename
                                                   pxelinux.0
compute-0-0: dhcp_nextserver
                                                   10.1.1.1
compute-0-0: exec_host
                                                   true
compute-0-0: ganglia_address
                                                   224.0.0.3
compute-0-0: hostname
                                                   compute-0-0
compute-0-0: kickstartable
                                                   yes
compute-0-0: managed
                                                   true
compute-0-0: os
                                                   linux
compute-0-0: rack
compute-0-0: rank
                                                   0
compute-0-0: rocks_version
                                                   5.4
compute-0-0: sge
                                                   true
                                                   true
compute-0-0: ssh_use_dns
compute-0-0: submit_host
                                                   false
compute-0-0: tripwire_mail
                                                   root@brunoland.rocksclusters.org
compute-0-0: vm_mac_base_addr
                                                   9a:58:ca:0:00:00
compute-0-0: vm_mac_base_addr_mask
                                                   ff:ff:ff:c0:00:00
```

In the output above, the letters in the "SOURCE" column indicate the level at which this host got the attribute. 'G' means the attribute is global, 'O' is an OS attribute, 'A' is an appliance attribute, 'H' is a host attribute and 'I' in an intrinsic attribute (these attributes cannot be removed or modified).

If a host has an attribute assigned to it, you can use it in a post section by referring to it in its entity form ("&attribute\_name;"). For example, if you'd like to dynamically get the IP address of the private network for the frontend, you'd use "&Kickstart\_PrivateAddress;" in a post section.

Attributes can also be used as a "edge conditional" in graph XML files or as a "post section conditional" in node XML files. An edge conditional is used to conditionally traverse an edge in a graph XML file. The following is an excerpt from the Base Roll graph XML file:

```
<edge from="client" to="x11" cond="x11"/>
```

If the "x11" attribute is set to "true", then when a kickstart file is built for a "client" host (e.g., a compute node or tile node), then the kickstart file generation code will traverse the edge from "client" to "x11", that is, the "x11" node XML file will be included in the kickstart file. Otherwise, if the "x11" attribute is set to false, then the "x11" node XML file will not be included in the kickstart file.

Post section conditions are used to conditionally execute post sections. The following is an excerpt from a node XML file from the SGE Roll:

```
<post os="linux" cond="exec_host">

<file name="/etc/rc.d/rocksconfig.d/post-91-sge" mode="append">
SET_HOST_TYPE=" -x "

</file>
</post>
```

If the attribute "exec\_host" is true (and if this is a "linux" host), then the post section will be executed, otherwise, this post section will be skipped.

### **Chapter 3. Building Your Roll**

In this section, we'll show you how to build your roll and we'll examine some of the files that are created when you build your roll.

Building your roll is rather simple. To build the example Valgrind Roll that we developed in the previous section, execute:

```
# cd /export/src/roll/valgrind
# make roll
```

This will take several minutes to build. When it completes, the most important file is valgrind-1.0-0.x86\_64.disk1.iso-- this is the Valgrind Roll in an ISO image. You can burn this ISO to a CD/DVD or you can transport it to a frontend and install it like you would any other roll.

When you execute "make roll", it will descend into the src directory and try to build every package. In the case of the Valgrind Roll, there are two subdirectories under src: usersguide and valgrind. The "make roll" process will go into each of those directories and execute "make rpm", and as decribed in the section Create an RPM from a Source Code Tarball, the resulting RPMs will be placed in

/export/src/roll/valgrind/RPMS/x86\_64.

Also, all the node XML files and the graph XML file will be bundled into a package called roll-valgrind-kickstart-1.0-0.noarch.rpm. To see this, execute:

```
# cd /export/src/roll/valgrind
# rpm -qlp RPMS/noarch/roll-valgrind-kickstart-1.0-0.noarch.rpm
/export/profile
/export/profile/graphs
/export/profile/graphs/default
/export/profile/graphs/default/valgrind.xml
/export/profile/nodes
/export/profile/nodes/valgrind-base.xml
/export/profile/nodes/valgrind-client.xml
/export/profile/nodes/valgrind-server.xml
/export/profile/roll-valgrind.xml
```

Above we see the graph XML file (/export/profile/graphs/default/valgrind.xml) and the node XML files: (/export/profile/nodes/valgrind-base.xml,

```
/export/profile/nodes/valgrind-client.xml,
```

/export/profile/nodes/valgrind-server.xml). The file /export/profile/roll-valgrind.xml contains info that describes how the roll was built.

After the Roll is built, you can add a file to the Valgrind Roll that will help you determine if all the expected packages were built. We do this with the "manifest-check.py" program.

The "manifest-check.py" program looks at file called "manifest" in the base directory of the Roll and then looks at the RPMs under the directory "disk1". The "manifest-check.py" program expects that only the RPMs listed in "manifest" will be present. If there is an entry in "manifest" and if the RPM doesn't exist under "disk1", you will see an error message like:

```
ERROR - the following packages were not built:
    roll-condor-usersquide
```

And if there is package that was built, but there is no entry in "manifest" for it, you'll see an error message like:

```
ERROR - the following packages were built but not in manifest:
    foundation-perl-Statistics-Descriptive
```

foundation-perl-Spreadsheet-ParseExcel

#### For the Valgrind Roll, create a file named "manifest":

- # cd /export/src/roll/valgrind
- # vi manifest

#### Then put the following package names in it:

roll-valgrind-kickstart
roll-valgrind-usersguide
valgrind

Now run "manifest-check.py" to verify that all the expected packages have been built:

# /opt/rocks/share/devel/src/roll/bin/manifest-check.py

Everytime you add a new package to your Roll, make sure to add the package's base name to the "manifest" file.

### **Chapter 4. Testing Your Roll**

### 4.1. Post Installation Script Debugging

This section will discuss some common mistakes made in post installation scripts and provide some techniques on how to help you debug them.

Below is an example node XML file that has a XML syntax error:

```
<?xml version="1.0" standalone="no"?>
<kickstart>
<post>
ech "yo" 2&>1 > /tmp/fun
</post>
</kickstart>
```

When the above node XML file is included in a roll and when a compute node asks for its kickstart file, no file will be returned and the compute node will not install. The compute node will display a screen asking for the user to input a "language" (compute node installations are 100% automated, so a compute node should never ask for user input).

The command rocks list host profile <hostname> executes the same functions as the code which automatically generates kickstart files. So, if we execute rocks list host profile compute-0-0, we'll see what error occurs:

```
# rocks list host profile compute-0-0 > /tmp/ks.cfg
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/opt/rocks/bin/rocks", line 267, in ?
    command.runWrapper(name, args[i:])
 File "/opt/rocks/lib/python2.4/site-packages/rocks/commands/__init__.py", line 1981, in runWrap
    self.run(self._params, self._args)
 File "/opt/rocks/lib/python2.4/site-packages/rocks/commands/list/host/profile/__init__.py", lin
 File "/opt/rocks/lib/python2.4/site-packages/rocks/commands/__init__.py", line 1667, in command
   o.runWrapper(name, args)
 File "/opt/rocks/lib/python2.4/site-packages/rocks/commands/__init__.py", line 1981, in runWrap
    self.run(self._params, self._args)
 File "/opt/rocks/lib/python2.4/site-packages/rocks/commands/list/host/xml/__init__.py", line 19
   xml = self.command('list.node.xml', args)
 File "/opt/rocks/lib/python2.4/site-packages/rocks/commands/__init__.py", line 1667, in command
   o.runWrapper(name, args)
 File "/opt/rocks/lib/python2.4/site-packages/rocks/commands/__init__.py", line 1981, in runWrap
   self.run(self._params, self._args)
 File "/opt/rocks/lib/python2.4/site-packages/rocks/commands/list/node/xml/__init__.py", line 51
   handler.parseNode(node, doEval)
 File "/opt/rocks/lib/python2.4/site-packages/rocks/profile.py", line 409, in parseNode
   parser.feed(line)
 File "/opt/rocks/lib/python2.4/site-packages/_xmlplus/sax/expatreader.py", line 220, in feed
    self._err_handler.fatalError(exc)
 File "/opt/rocks/lib/python2.4/site-packages/_xmlplus/sax/handler.py", line 38, in fatalError
    raise exception
```

xml.sax.\_exceptions.SAXParseException: <unknown>:91:11: not well-formed (invalid token)

The last line of the output above let's us know there is a problem, but it is not clear in which file and which line number. One way to debug the problem is to add ROCKSDEBUG=y to the rocks list host profile command:

The command produces a lot of output, but it does stop on the line with the bug. Now we have something to grep for. On a stock Rocks frontend, all the node XML files for a distribution can be found in /export/rocks/install/rocks-dist/\*/build/nodes. So to find the file with the syntax error, execute:

```
# cd /export/rocks/install/rocks-dist/x86_64/build/nodes
# grep 'ech "yo" 2&>1 > /tmp/fun' *
valgrind-bug.xml:ech "yo" 2&>1 > /tmp/fun
```

The bug is in valgrind-bug.xml, so we can go to the source code for the Valgrind Roll and fix the node XML file.

But let's say we just fix the XML syntax error:

```
<?xml version="1.0" standalone="no"?>
<kickstart roll="valgrind">
<post>
ech "yo" > /tmp/fun
</post>
</kickstart>
```

There is still a bug (the command ech should be echo). After a host installs, there are several log files saved on a host. One that we'll look at is: /var/log/rocks-install.log:

```
./nodes/valgrind-bug.xml: begin post section /tmp/ks-script-MP2uTd: line 2: ech: command not found ./nodes/valgrind-bug.xml: end post section
```

This may be enough information to help determine the root cause of the problem, but we have found that sometimes we need to "stall" an installation at a specific point. We'll modify the post section in valgrind-bug.xml to loop indefinitely:

```
<post>
ech "yo" > /tmp/fun

touch /tmp/stall
while [ -f /tmp/stall ]
```

```
do
  sleep 1
done
</post>
```

When a compute node installs, you will see a screen that says "Running post-install scripts" -- the installation will not progress beyond this point due to the loop above. From the frontend, we can access the installing node by executing:

```
# ssh compute-0-0 -p 2200
```

We'll see a bash prompt -- we are now in the installation environment for compute-0-0. This environment is running out of a ramdisk, so the partitions on the hard disk are all mounted with the prefix /mnt/sysimage. For example, the root partition is /mnt/sysimage, the var partition is /mnt/sysimage/var, etc. Before a post installation script is run, the installer executes a chroot to /mnt/sysimage so the script has the illusion it is running on the hard disk environment (not the ramdisk environment).

After we debugged the issue, we can instruct the installaation to continue by executing:

```
# rm -f /mnt/sysimage/tmp/stall
```

### 4.2. Installation Log Files

After a node installs, there are several log files you can examine to help you debug installation errors:

/root/install.log

A list of all the RPMs that were installed. This is the order in which the RPMs were installed and the architecture of each package that was installed.

#### Example output:

```
Installing words-3.0-9.1.noarch
Installing libgcc-4.1.2-48.el5.i386
Installing libgcc-4.1.2-48.el5.x86_64
Installing glibc-2.5-49.el5_5.7.x86_64
Installing glibc-2.5-49.el5_5.7.i686
Installing chkconfig-1.3.30.2-2.el5.x86_64
Installing zlib-1.2.3-3.x86_64
```

/root/anaconda.log

The output of the ananconda installer. It shows the steps the anaconda installer executed as well as the output of the sub-commands anaconda executed.

#### Example output:

```
18:58:53 INFO : moving (1) to step partitionobjinit

18:58:53 INFO : ISCSID is /usr/sbin/iscsid

18:58:53 INFO : no initiator set18:58:53 INFO : no /tmp/fcpconfig; not configuring zfcp

18:58:53 DEBUG : starting mpaths18:58:53 DEBUG : self.driveList(): ['sda', 'sdb']

18:58:53 DEBUG : DiskSet.skippedDisks: []

18:58:53 DEBUG : done starting mpaths. Drivelist: ['sda', 'sdb']
```

• /var/log/rocks-install.log

Error messages from all the post sections will be found in this log file. In general, all you will see are "begin post section" and "end post section" messages.

#### Example output:

```
./nodes/411-client.xml: begin post section
./nodes/411-client.xml: end post section
./nodes/411-client.xml: begin post section
./nodes/411-client.xml: end post section
./nodes/411-client.xml: begin post section
./nodes/411-client.xml: end post section
```

/root/syslog

This is the syslog from the host during its installation phase.

#### Example output:

/root/httpd.log

A copy of the log messages from lighttpd. Lighttpd is used on an installing node to execute key parts of the Avalanche Installer. You will see messages (in apache log format) that log the http requests to lighttpd.

#### Example output:

```
127.0.0.1 127.0.0.1 - [28/May/2010:10:45:11 -0700]

"GET /install/rocks-dist/x86_64/RedHat/RPMS/dmraid-events-1.0.0.rc13-53.el5.x86_64.rpm HTTP/1.1
200 18083 "-" "urlgrabber/3.1.0 yum/3.2.22"

127.0.0.1 127.0.0.1 - [28/May/2010:10:45:13 -0700]

"GET /install/rocks-dist/x86_64/RedHat/RPMS/compat-libf2c-34-3.4.6-4.i386.rpm HTTP/1.1"
200 2674 "-" "urlgrabber/3.1.0 yum/3.2.22"
```

### Appendix A. XML File Syntax

Rocks generates kickstart files for compute nodes dynamically using a structure called the "kickstart graph". This graph is made from edges and nodes, both described in an XML language. This section serves as a reference for the XML tags and attributes.

A traversal of the kickstart nodes and edges makes a full kickstart file used to specify the software and configuration for a node. Edges are described in "graph" files, while each node is specified in a "node" file.

When the order of nodes' contribution to the kickstart file matters, we use special edges made with <order> tags. We describe these tags in this section as well.

### A.1. Node XML Tags

#### <kickstart>

Wraps an XML node file.

#### · <description>

Text description of what this node does.

#### · <copyright>

Text description of the copyright associated with this node file.

#### · <changelog>

Text description of the changes made to this node file. Generally a "Log" CVS directive.

#### <package>

Specifies a single RPM package. Includes only the RPM name, not its version or release number.

type

```
Optional. Value is "meta". Used to describe RedHat meta packages.
```

```
Example: <package type="meta">gnome-desktop</package>.
```

#### disable

Optional. If this value is non-zero, the RPM will not be installed.

```
Example: <package disable="1">emacs</package>.
```

arch

Optional. This value can be "i386" or "x86\_64". If "arch" matches the architecture of the host that is being installed, then the package will be installed, otherwise the package will be skipped. For example, if the value is "i386" and if the x86\_64 version of Rocks is being installed on a host, then the package will be skipped. Or said another way, the package will only be installed on i386 hosts.

```
Example: <package arch="i386">nasm</package>.
```

os

Optional. Value is "linux" or "sunos". If this is specified, then the package will only be installed on the specified OS. For example, if "linux" is specified, then the package will only be installed on Linux hosts (and the package will not be installed on Solaris hosts).

Example: <package os="linux">.

#### <eval>

Replaced with the output of the script specified between these tags. The script is run on the host generating the kickstart file (generally the frontend).

shell

Optional. Specifies the script interpreter to use. Default "sh".

```
\label{lem:example:eval} Example: < \verb"eval shell="/bin/bash">.
```

Example: <eval shell="/opt/rocks/bin/python">.

mode

Optional. Value is "quote" or "xml". If value is "quote", XML characters are escaped in the shell output. Default is "quote".

```
Example: <eval mode="xml">.
```

Example: <eval shell="/bin/bash" mode='xml'>.

#### • <post>

Wraps a post section. Configuration is generally carried out in post sections, making this a popular tag. The commands specified here correspond to an RPM post section, and they are executed on the client machine (not on the frontend, in contrast to the <eval> tag).

arch

Optional. This value can be "i386" or "x86\_64". If "arch" matches the architecture of the host that is being installed, then this post section will be run, otherwise the post section will be skipped.

```
Example: <post arch="i386">.
```

os

Optional. Value is "linux" or "sunos". If this is specified, then the post section will only be run during the installation of the specified OS. For example, if "linux" is specified, then the post section will be run when a Linux host is installed, but the post section will not be run when a Solaris host is installed.

```
Example: <post os="linux">.
```

cond

Optional. If the value of the "cond" is true, then this post section will be executed. Values can be Rocks attributes or generic python expressions.

```
Example: <post cond="submit_host">.
```

If the "submit\_host" Rocks attribute is set to "true" for this host, then the post section will be executed, otherwise, this post section will be skipped.

```
Example: <post cond="not ssh_use_dns">.
```

If the "ssh\_use\_dns" Rocks attribute is set to "false" for this host, then the post section will be executed (because of the python "not" operator).

#### interpreter

Optional. Specifies the script interpreter to use. Default "/bin/bash".

Example: <post interpreter="/opt/rocks/bin/python">.

arg

Optional. Value can be "--nochroot". The "--nochroot" value means run this post section in the context of the installer, not in the context of the installing machine. The installer runs on a ramdisk on an installing machine, so if this argument is supplied, then the post section has access to the ramdisk file system as well as the mounted file systems for the installing node.

Example: <post arg="--nochroot">.

#### <</pre>

Wraps the pre section commands. All pre sections run before package installation, in contrast to commands from the post section. All pre sections are run in the context of the installation environment, that is, the root file system is a ramdisk.

#### - <file>

Wraps the contents of a file.

#### name

Required. Specifies the name of this file, a full path.

Example: <file name="/etc/auto.master">.

#### mode

Optional. Value is "append". If "append" is specified, the contents are appended to the end of an existing file. A record of the change is kept in a RCS repository in the same directory as the file.

Example: <file name="/etc/man.config" mode="append">.

owner

Optional. The "user.group" that owns this file. Can be specified either as names "root.root" or numbers (guids) "0.0".

Example: <file name="/var/www/html/index.html" owner="root.apache">.

#### perms

Optional. The permissions of this file. The value of this argument is passed to the "chmod" command, and accepts the same format.

Example: <file name="/etc/ssh/ssh\_host\_key.pub" perms="0444">.

vars

Optional. Value is "literal" or "expanded". If "literal" no variable or backtick expansion is done on the contents of the file. If value is "expanded", standard shell variable expansion is performed, as well as running commands quoted with backticks. Default is "literal".

Example: <file name="/etc/motd" mode="append" vars="expanded">.

expr

Optional. Specifies a command whose output is placed in the file.

Example: <file name="/etc/dhcpd.conf" expr="/opt/rocks/bin/rocks report host
dhcpd"/>.

os

Optional. Value is "linux" or "sunos". If this is specified, then the file will only be created (or appended to ) run during the installation of the specified OS.

Example: <file name="/etc/postfix/main.cf" mode="append" os="sunos">.

#### A.1.1. Kickstart Main Section

These tags specify commands in the "main" section of a kickstart file. Each of these tags are wrapped in <main> tags. They appear in node XML files. Only the tags normally used in a cluster appliance kickstart file are presented here; for a full reference of all the kickstart options and their respective arguments, see RHEL5 Documentation - Kickstart Installations<sup>1</sup>.

#### <main>

#### <bootloader>

Specifies the bootloader arguments. Default "--location=mbr"

#### <interactive>

Optional. Allows for inspection and modification of the kickstart values given, via the snack screen interface. Default: present.

#### <url>

Specifies the installation method with the --url argument. Default is

http://&Kickstart\_PrivateKickstartHost;/&Kickstart\_PrivateKickstartBasedir;/&distribution;/&arc and when the kickstart file is generated, all the attributes are substituted with their respective values.

#### · <lang>

The installation language to use. Default "en\_US".

#### <keyboard>

Sets the system keyboard type. Default "us".

#### <mouse>

Specifies the system mouse type. Default "none".

#### <timezone>

Required. Sets the system timezone. The default is the timezone selected when a frontend is installed.

#### <install>

If present, perform a fresh install (not an upgrade). Default: present.

#### - <rootpw>

### A.2. Graph XML Tags

Edges in the kickstart graph are specified with the XML tags below. Order tags give control of the graph traversal (the order nodes appear in the final kickstart file).

Both the edge and order tags appear in kickstart graph files.

#### · <graph>

Wraps an XML graph file.

#### <description>

Text description of what this part of the graph does.

#### · <copyright>

Text description of the copyright associated with this graph file.

#### · <changelog>

Text description of the changes made to this node file. Generally a "Log" CVS directive.

#### · <edge>

Specifies an edge in the kickstart graph, links graph nodes together. Can be specified as a singleton tag:

```
<edge from="base" to="ganglia"/>, or a standard tag that wraps <to> or <from> tags.
```

#### from

Optional. Specifies the beginning of an edge, a node name.

```
Example: <edge from="server">.
```

to

Optional. Specifies the end of an edge, a node name.

```
Example: <edge to="client">.
```

cond

Optional. If the value of the "cond" is true, then this edge will be traversed. Values can be Rocks attributes or generic python expressions.

```
Example: <edge from="client" to="x11" cond="x11"/>.
```

If the "x11" Rocks attribute is set to "true", then this edge will be traversed.

#### arch

Optional. Specifies which architectures should follow this edge. Same format as arch attribute in node files. The edge is ignored if the client's architecture does not match this list.

```
\label{eq:example:edge} Example: <edge from="client" to="x11" arch="x86_64"/>.
```

#### · <to>

Wraps a node name. Specifies the end of a directed edge in the graph. Used inside an edge tag with the "from" attribute:

```
<edge from="compute">
  <to>compute-appliance</to>
</edge>
```

arch

Optional. Specifies which architectures should follow this edge. The entire edge is ignored if the client's architecture does not match this list.

```
Example: <to arch="i386">pvm</to>.
```

#### - <from>

Wraps a node name. Specifies the beginning of a directed edge. Used like "to" tag.

arch

Optional. Specifies which architectures should follow this edge. The entire edge is ignored if the client's architecture does not match this list.

#### <order>

Specifies a ordering between nodes in the graph. While the <edge> tags specify a "membership" in the kickstart file, the <order> tags give a "relative ordering" between nodes.

The ordering is affected by a topological sort of nodes using order edges. While the kickstart graph allows cycles, the set of order tags must specify a directed-acyclic graph (DAG). Any nodes not touched by an order edge have a random order in the resultant kickstart file.

Can be used to wrap <head> and <tail> tags in the same fashion as the <to> and <from> tags for "edge".

arch

Optional. Specifies which architectures should follow this edge. Same format as arch attribute in node files. The edge is ignored if the client's architecture does not match this list.

head

Optional. Specifies the beginning of this edge, a node name. The node specified by the <order head="node"> tag should be ordered before all child <tail> tags.

```
<order head="grub">
  <tail>grub-client</tail>
  <tail>grub-server</tail>
</order>
```

Special name "TAIL" is allowed, which specifies the node be placed last. Ordering among nodes with TAIL ordering is undefined.

```
<order head="TAIL">
  <tail>install</tail>
  <tail>pxeboot</tail>
  <tail>compute</tail>
</order>
```

In the above example, the node files are "install", "pxeboot" and "compute" will all be at the end of the kickstart file.

tail

Optional. Specifies the end of this edge, a node name. The node specified by the <order tail="node"> tag should be ordered after all child <head> tags.

```
<order tail="server-firewall">
  <head>networking-server</head>
  <head>database-data</head>
</order>
```

Special node name "HEAD" is allowed, which specifies the node is placed at the beginning of the kickstart file. Ordering among nodes with HEAD ordering is undefined.

```
<order tail="HEAD">
  <head>python-development</head>
  <head>rlo</head>
</order>
```

#### • <head>

Wraps a node name. This tag is a child of an <order tail="some-node-name"> tag. All nodes wrapped by <head> tags are guaranteed to execute prior to the node specified in the <order tail="some-node-name"> tag.

```
<order tail="server-firewall">
  <head>networking-server</head>
  <head>database-data</head>
</order>
```

In the example above, "networking-server" and "database-data" are guaranteed to execute before "server-firewall".

#### · <tail>

Wraps a node name. This tag is a child of an <order head="some-node-name"> tag. All nodes wrapped by <tail> tags are guaranteed to execute after to the node specified in the <order head="some-node-name"> tag.

```
<order head="grub">
  <tail>grub-client</tail>
  <tail>grub-server</tail>
</order>
```

In the example above, "grub-client" and "grub-server" are guaranteed to execute after "grub".

### **Notes**

http://docs.redhat.com/docs/en-US/Red\_Hat\_Enterprise\_Linux/5/html-single/Installation\_Guide/index.html#ch-kickstart2

# Appendix B. Rocks® Copyright and Trademark

### **B.1. Copyright Statement**

Rocks(r)
www.rocksclusters.org
version 5.5 (Mamba)
version 6.0 (Mamba)

Copyright (c) 2000 - 2012 The Regents of the University of California. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice unmodified and in its entirety, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- 3. All advertising and press materials, printed or electronic, mentioning features or use of this software must display the following acknowledgement:

"This product includes software developed by the Rocks(r) Cluster Group at the San Diego Supercomputer Center at the University of California, San Diego and its contributors."

4. Except as permitted for the purposes of acknowledgment in paragraph 3, neither the name or logo of this software nor the names of its authors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission. The name of the software includes the following terms, and any derivatives thereof: "Rocks", "Rocks Clusters", and "Avalanche Installer". For licensing of the associated name, interested parties should contact Technology Transfer & Intellectual Property Services, University of California, San Diego, 9500 Gilman Drive, Mail Code 0910, La Jolla, CA 92093-0910, Ph: (858) 534-5815, FAX: (858) 534-7345, E-MAIL:invent@ucsd.edu

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE REGENTS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE REGENTS OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE

OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

### **B.2. Trademark Licensing**

The Rocks® logo (Figure B-1) and the names Rocks®, Rocks Clusters™, and Avalanche Installer™ have been submitted to the United States Patent and Trademark Office to become registered trademarks.

Commercial entities that wish to use any of the above names or logo in a product name or marketing material, are required to get written permission from the Technology Transfer and Intellectual Property Services Office at UCSD <invent@ucsd.edu>.

Figure B-1. Rocks® logo

